

Functionalization of MWCNTs with polyvinyl alcohol through Friedel-Crafts alkylation and their composite fibers

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An effective method to increase mechanical properties of poly (vinyl alcohol) (PVA) and multiwalled carbon nanotubes (MWCNTs) composite fibers is reported. MWCNTs in the composite fibers were functionalized with PVA through one-step grafting process by Friedel-Crafts alkylation in a nondestructive aluminum chloride medium. Under suitable conditions, the resulting functionalized MWCNTs (f-MWCNTs) of selected content of 0.05 wt% based on PVA weight was added to DMSO/H₂O mixed solvent, and f-MWCNTs were highly dispersed in the solution, which remained uniform even after stayed 30 days. The solution of PVA and f-MWCNTs was gel spun and the asspun fiber was hot drawn to prepare the final PVA/f-MWCNTs composite fibers. The tensile strength and modulus of the fibers were found to be about 926 MPa and 59 GPa which increased by 280.6% and 421.0% relative to pure PVA fibers, respectively.

Keywords: MWCNT; polyvinyl alcohol; Friedel-Crafts alkylation; composite fiber



付克-烷基化法聚乙烯醇功能化多壁碳纳米管及其复合纤维

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本文提出了一种提高聚乙烯醇(PVA)和多壁碳纳米管(MWCNTs)复合纤维力学性能的有效方法。通过付克-烷基化法将 PVA 接枝到 MWCNTs 以使之功能化,在合适的条件下,将 0.05 wt%(相对 PVA 重量)的功能化 MWCNTs (f-MWCNTs)加入到 DMSO/H₂O 混合溶剂,f-MWCNTs 可在溶液中高度分散,甚至在 30 天后仍保持均匀分散。将 PVA 和 f-MWCNTs 共 混溶液凝胶纺丝并热拉伸,最后制得 PVA/f-MWCNTs 复合纤维,复合纤维的抗拉强度和模量分别达到 926 MPa 和 59 GPa,与纯 PVA 纤维相比分别提高 280.6%和 421.0%。

Keywords: 多壁碳纳米管; 聚乙烯醇; 付克-烷基化; 复合纤维